## Natural Language Processing (NLP)

Coimbra, April 2024

Nikitas N. Karanikolas Dept. of Informatics and Computer Engineering University of West Attica, Athens, Greece <u>nnk@uniwa.gr</u> <u>http://users.uniwa.gr/nnk</u>

### Natural Language Processing (NLP)

- Summarization
- Text Classification
- Macine Translation
- Question Answering
- Text Generation
- Computer Assisted Assessment
- Sentiment Analysis
- Opinion Mining
- Subjectivity Analysis
- Corpus Building
- Named Entity Recognition
- Chatbots Virtual Assistants
- Image Captioning

# Summarization [1, 2]

- Can be Comprehensive (semantic oriented) or Extractive (shallow processing)
- Extractive is based on the selection of the most prominent sentences to convey the meaning. It is based on:
  - Weight of words (TF-IDF, TF-ISF, TF-RIDF)
  - Sentence Location (Baxentale, News Articles)
  - Title Words
- See also my previous lecture "Extractive summarization", June 2017, Belgrade <a href="https://users.uniwa.gr/nnk/InternationalLectures/Extractive%20summarization%20June%202017.pdf">https://users.uniwa.gr/nnk/InternationalLectures/Extractive%20summarization%20June%202017.pdf</a>

## **Text Summarization Applications**

- News Organizations: Automatic generation of brief news article summaries for quick comprehension.
- Researchers: Condensing academic papers for rapid identification of key findings.
- Content Aggregation Platforms and Websites: Creating digests aiding user article selection based on interests.
- Finance Sector: Summarizing financial reports for swift evaluation by investors and analysts.
- Healthcare Professionals: Summarizing medical conversations, records, and research papers for streamlined tasks.
- Social Media Insights: Summarizing discussions and reviews for understanding public sentiment and reactions.
- Market Research: Distilling consumer feedback and reviews for prompt trend identification.
- Educational Support: Creating concise educational material summaries for student comprehension.

# Text Classification [3]

- Assign to a documents a class label (the category that the document belongs)
- Can be based on the existence of words or phrases
- The method needs training and training data (pre-classified documents)
- It is Critical to create an Authority List of words or phrases that will be appropriate to discriminate between classes
- See also:

https://users.uniwa.gr/nnk/InternationalLectures/Text%20classification%20based%20on%20phrases%20June%202017.pdf

## **Text Classification Applications**

- Email Sorting: Distinguishing spam from genuine emails by evaluating content and sender details.
- E-commerce Taxonomy: Organizing products and multi-level taxonomy trees.
- Social Media for Sentiment Analysis: Assessing usergenerated content for sentiments - positive, negative, or neutral.
- Personalized Recommendations: Tailored suggestions in ecommerce platforms.
- Healthcare Data: Classifying medical records and patient data to enhance organization and support research.
- Legal Document Classification: Simplifying document management for legal firms by classifying contracts and case files.
- Fraud Detection in Finance: Identifying suspicious transactions and user behavior for fraud detection.

## Machine Translation Applications [10]

- Translation Services: Text, documents, websites, and spoken language.
- Content Creation and Marketing: Translating content into multiple languages.
- Government and Diplomatic Use: Translating official documents, treaties, and diplomatic communications.
- News Agencies: Swiftly translating news articles to provide timely and accurate information in multiple languages.
- E-commerce and Retail: Translating product descriptions, reviews, and checkout processes.
- International Business Communications: Translating contracts, emails, and documentation for negotiations and collaborations.
- Travel Industry Integration: Providing multilingual information for tourists through apps and websites.
- Customer Support: Facilitating communication between international customers and support teams.
- Language Learning Platforms: Offering language courses and translation assistance to enhance language skills.

## Question Answering [11] – Applications

- Company Chatbots: Addressing customer inquiries, providing information, and troubleshooting.
- Voice-Activated Assistants: assist users and execute tasks.
- E-commerce: Enabling proactive information seeking for informed purchasing decisions.
- E-Learning Platforms: Addressing student queries, providing explanations and solutions.
- Healthcare: Assisting healthcare professionals with clinical queries, symptoms, and generating reports.
- Legal Sector: Providing insights into case law, statutes, and regulations for legal research.
- Technical Support: Offering guidance and solutions for software and hardware queries.

## Text Generation [12] – Applications

- Revolutionizing Industries: Automating processes across diverse sectors.
- Content Creation: product descriptions, ads, promotions, news articles and blogs.
- Financial Reporting Automation: Analyzing market data to automatically generate financial reports.
- Educational Contribution:
  - Facilitating e-learning by producing quizzes, study materials, and explanations.
  - Enhancing engagement and personalized learning experiences.
- Creative Writing Support: Contributing to narratives, short stories, and poetry.
- Chatbot & Virtual Assistant Roles:
  - Empowering chatbots with natural language responses for customer inquiries.
  - Assisting users in tasks, providing information, and troubleshooting issues.

#### Computer Assisted Assessment [4 - 6]

- Mechanically assign a grate to an answer with respect to the expected (correct) answer.
- There is a need for positive training (correct answers and textbook) data and negative training data (erroneous answers)
- Can be based on phrases

# Sentiment Analysis, Opinion Mining, Subjectivity Analysis [add Ref.]

- Subjectivity Analysis classify a given text as subjective or objective
- Sentiment Analysis or Polarity Analysis Once a text is subjective Assign a score Positive or Negative
- Affective Computing Attempt to identify emotional charge
  - Happiness
  - Sadness
  - Fear
  - Anger Passion

## **Sentiment Analysis Applications**

- Social Media and Customer Feedback: Assessing sentiments to manage reputation and enhance product quality.
- Diverse Data Sources: Processing surveys, forms, and reviews to gauge customer satisfaction.
- Financial Sector: Analyzing news, reports, and social media for market sentiment.
- Polling and Political Forecasting: Gauging public sentiment for informed decision-making in politics.
- Entertainment Industry: Evaluating audience reactions to movies and TV shows.
- Product Launches: Assessing public sentiment to evaluate market reception.
- Healthcare: Understanding patient sentiment to drive improvements in patient care.
- Social Media: Measuring campaign effectiveness and tracking brand trends.
- > News Content Tailoring: Assessing reader reactions to tailor preferences.
- Customer Support Insights: Identifying dissatisfied customers.
- Travel Services: Analyzing reviews to enhance services and increase bookings.

# Corpus Building [7, 8]

- Dialectal lexicon building See my previous lecture "Dialectal lexicon building: requirements and technical specifications", Belgrade June 2017
- Dialectal corpora building
  See my previous lecture "Dialectal Corpora Building (for oral and written sources)",
   Belgrade June 2017

https://users.uniwa.gr/nnk/InternationalLectures/Dialectal%20Corpora%20Building%20June%202017.pdf

## Named Entity Recognition [13]

- to be expanded
- See the presentaion by Cvetana Krstev, Department of Library and Information Sciences, Faculty of Philology, University of Belgrade, Serbia in the following link:

https://users.uniwa.gr/nnk/InternationalLectures/NamedEntities.pdf

#### Chatbots [9] & Virtual Assistants Applications

- E-commerce & Online Services: Chatbots can assist customers, provide product details, and resolve issues instantly.
- Banking & Finance: Virtual assistants aid with inquiries and financial guidance.
- Travel: Chatbots facilitate bookings, offer travel information.
- Healthcare: Virtual assistants provide medical information and schedule appointments.
- Language Learning: Virtual tutors assist in practicing languages.
- Human Resources: Chatbots aid with HR-related inquiries and company policies.
- Online Retail: Chatbots offer personalized product suggestions.
- Business Reception: Virtual receptionists manage calls and provide information.
- Education: Chatbots can assist with course-related queries and assignments.
- News Updates: Chatbots deliver tailored news content and updates to users.
- Smart Home Devices: Voice-activated assistants are used for inquiries, smart device control, and information provision.

### Image Captioning Applications [add Ref.]

- Social Media Platforms: Use NLP to create image captions, benefiting user engagement and accessibility, particularly for the visually impaired.
- E-commerce: Image captioning in catalogs aids product management and improves search experiences.
- Education: Educational platforms use image captions to explain visual content, assisting students in understanding complex visuals.
- Healthcare: Image captioning assists in describing medical images, aiding in diagnostics and conveying findings among medical professionals.
- Image Search and Retrieval: Image captioning in search engines helps users find images by describing them in text queries.
- Content Moderation: Social media platforms use image captioning to identify inappropriate or harmful content, ensuring a safer online environment.
- News Content: News agencies utilize image captioning to enhance the accessibility of news articles for readers.

## References

- [1] Nikitas N. Karanikolas, Eleni Galiotou and Christodoulos Tsoulloftas, A workbench for extractive summarizing methods. PCI'2012: 16th Panhellenic Conference on Informatics, October 5-7, 2012, Piraeus, Greece. IEEE CPS. https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/6377346/
- [2] Nikitas N. Karanikolas, "Extractive summarization methods – subtitles and method combinations". RTA-CSIT 2016, November 18 - 19, 2016, Tirana, Albania. http://ceur-ws.org/Vol-1746/paper-06.pdf
- [3] N. Karanikolas and C. Skourlas. A parametric methodology for text classification. Journal of Information Science, Vol. 36 (4), pp. 421-442, 2010, doi:10.1177/0165551510368620. http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/0165551510368620

- [4] Nikitas N. Karanikolas. The role of phrases in Information Retrieval and related domains. eRA-4. 4th Conference for the contribution of Information Technology to Science, Economy, Society and Education, September 25-26, 2009, Spetses, Greece. http://users.teiath.gr/nnk/papers/B22\_cr.pdf
- [5] Nikitas N. Karanikolas, Computer Assisted Assessment (CAA) of Free-Text: Literature Review and the specification of an alternative CAA system. In 19th IEEE International Workshops on Enabling Technologies: Infrastructures for Collaborative Enterprises (WETICE 2010), June 28-30, 2010, Larissa, Greece, IEEE Xplore https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/5541991/
- [6] Nikitas N. Karanikolas, "Summarization as the base for Text Assessment". 4th IC-ININFO, September 5-8, 2014, Madrid, Spain. https://aip.scitation.org/doi/abs/10.1063/1.4907844

- [7] Nikitas N. Karanikolas, Eleni Galiotou, George J. Xydopoulos, Angela Ralli, Konstantinos Athanasakos, and George Koronakis, Structuring a Multimedia Tri-dialectal Dictionary. TSD'2013: Text, Speech and Dialogue, 16th International Conference, September 1-5, 2013, Pilsen, Czech Republic. Springer, LNAI 8082, DOI: 10.1007/978-3-642-40585-3\_64.
- [8] Nikitas N. Karanikolas, Eleni Galiotou, Dimitris Papazachariou, Konstantinos Athanasakos, George Koronakis and Angela Ralli, "Towards a computational processing of oral dialectal data". PCI 2015, October 01 - 03, 2015, Athens, Greece. ACM 978-1-4503-3551-5, DOI: 10.1145/2801948.2801966.
- [9] Eirini Manga, Nikitas Karanikolas, Catherine Marinagi and Christos Skourlas. Evaluating Citizen Comments in Public Consultations Using Data Mining: Analyzing Legislation Comments for the Greek General Commercial Registry. PCI 2021: 430-435. https://dl.acm.org/doi/10.1145/3503823.3503902

- [10] Vanlalmuansangi Khenglawt, Laltanpuia. Machine translation and its approaches. Mizoram Science Congress 2018 (MSC 2018). Advances in Engineering Research, vol. 178, December 2018. DOI: 10.2991/msc-18.2018.22. https://www.atlantis-press.com/article/55909743.pdf
- [11] Abdelghani Bouziane, Djelloul Bouchiha, Noureddine Doumi, Mimoun Malki. *Question Answering Systems: Survey and Trends*. Advanced Wireless, Information, and Communication Technologies (AWICT 2015). Procedia Computer Science, vol. 73, 2015, Pages 366-375. DOI: 10.1016/j.procs.2015.12.005.

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1877050915034663

- [12] Ehud Reiter. 1996. *Building Natural-Language Generation Systems*. Arxiv: cmp-lg/9605002. https://arxiv.org/pdf/cmp-lg/9605002
- [13] Wikipedia. Named-entity recognition. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Named-entity\_recognition